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BIRD ID#: 123.3

ISSUE TITLE: IBIS-AMI New Reserved Parameters for Jitter/Noise

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DATE ACCEPTED BY IBIS OPEN FORUM:

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STATEMENT OF THE ISSUE:

Model developers and EDA vendors building IBIS-AMI models using the IBIS 5.0

specification have come across a number of modeling issues that are not addressed in

IBIS 5.0. In order to deliver models and EDA tools that meet end-user demands for

model accuracy and functionality, EDA vendors have defined "extensions" to add new

capabilities to IBIS-AMI models. Unfortunately, EDA vendors have had to use

proprietary (and different) syntax to add these capabilities to models, limiting

model portability between different EDA tools.

This BIRD proposes new syntax for the .ami control file that improves model

functionality and accuracy. Including this syntax in the IBIS standard will allow

creation of accurate, compliant IBIS-AMI models that are readily portable between

commercial EDA simulators.

The parameters defined in this document are to be added in Section 6c of the

IBIS 5.0 specification as new Reserved\_Parameters.

Jitter, Noise and Clock Modeling

Tx\_Rj, Tx\_Dj, Tx\_Sj, Tx\_Sj\_Frequency, Rx\_Clock\_Recovery\_Mean, Rx\_Clock\_Recovery\_Rj,

Rx\_Clock\_Recovery\_Dj,

Rx\_Clock\_Recovery\_Sj, Rx\_Clock\_Recovery\_DCD, Rx\_Rj, Rx\_Dj, Rx\_Sj, Rx\_DCD, and

Rx\_Noise.

There are three sources of jitter that are accounted for using the parameters

introduced in this BIRD; Tx Jitter, Rx Clock Data Recovery (CDR) Jitter and Rx

Reference Clock Jitter. The Rx CDR has the ability to filter low frequency Tx Jitter

and Rx Reference Clock Jitter. The parameters defined in this BIRD assume that the

three sources of jitter are independent. IBIS 5.0 already defines parameters

Tx\_Jitter, Tx\_DCD and Rx\_Clock\_PDF. Tx\_DCD is clarified in this BIRD. The parameters

Tx\_Rj, Tx\_Dj, Tx\_Sj, and Tx\_Sj\_Frequency have similar functionality to the existing

Tx\_Jitter, but offer more granularity in defining the various components of Tx

Jitter. Similarly, Rx\_Clock\_Recovery\_Mean, Rx\_Clock\_Recovery\_Rj,

Rx\_Clock\_Recovery\_Dj, Rx\_Clock\_Recovery\_Sj, and Rx\_Clock\_Recovery\_DCD offer

increased granularity in defining the CDR behavior when doing statistical analysis,

and when Rx AMI\_GetWave does not return clock\_times. Rx\_Rj, Rx\_Dj, Rx\_Sj, and Rx\_DCD

describe jitter components that do not exist in IBIS 5.0, and offer the model maker

a means to inform the EDA tool about how much extra jitter it should add to sampling

instants. That is, these parameters indicate how much, as well as what type of,

jitter is present in the actual device, but not reflected in the model. Rx\_Noise is

unique among the parameters being introduced by this BIRD, in that it describes

variations in the amplitude of the received signal, as opposed to variations in the

time of sampling instants.

There are other possible methods of describing jitter. These include defining Tx and

Rx Jitter Spectral Density distributions and applying Rx Jitter explicitly as

reference clock transition times. These advanced methods of handling jitter are left

for a future BIRD.

Each parameter defined in the BIRD has included both a verbal and a mathematical

description of how that parameter would affect the Tx transition times, Rx CDR and

Rx jitter not accounted for in the CDR. In the AMI statistical flow, these

impairments are treated as distributions which affect both the clock PDF and

statistical eye. In the AMI time domain flow, the EDA tool may apply these jitter

parameters directly to the Tx stimulus input and the Rx clock\_times using the given

equations. Since these jitter parameters are independent, the EDA tool may use other

statistical methods to account for these impairments.

Please note that even if no intrinsic jitter were present in the Tx and Rx, one

would still experience an eye that has apparent jitter at the Rx data decision

point. This jitter is caused by ISI, which is, typically, non-zero despite the

efforts of Tx and Rx Equalization.

The model maker may assume that any and all non-zero values passed in these

parameters will be used by the EDA tool in one of the following two phases:

1) Input stimulus generation, or

2) Post-processing of simulation results.

The definition of Tx\_DCD is clarified, and the allowed Usage is changed to Info.

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The following parameter exists in the IBIS 5.0 specification but its definition is

replaced using the text in this BIRD:

Tx\_DCD

On page 146 replace:

| Tx\_DCD:

|

| Tx\_DCD (Transmit Duty Cycle Distortion) can be of Usage Info

| and Out. It can be of Type Float and UI and can have Data

| Format of Value, Range and Corner. It tells the EDA platform

| the maximum percentage deviation of the duration of a

| transmitted pulse from the nominal pulse width. Example of

| TX\_DCD declaration is:

|

| (Tx\_DCD (Usage Info)(Type Float)

| (Format Range <typ> <min> <max>))

with:

| Tx\_DCD:

|

| Tx\_DCD (Transmit Duty Cycle Distortion) must be of Usage Info.

| It can be of Type Float or UI and can have

| Format either Value, List, Range, Corner, Increment, or

| Steps. It defines half the peak

| to peak clock duty cycle distortion, in seconds or UI, to be

| added to the behavior implemented by the EDA tool by modifying

| the stimulus input or by post processing the simulation

| results.

|

| Example of TX\_DCD declaration is:

|

| (Tx\_DCD (Usage Info)(Corner 0.008 0.016 0.005)(Type UI)

| (Description "TX Duty Cycle Distortion in UI.")

| )

Time(n)=n\*bit\_time+Tx\_DCD\*(-1.0)^n

n\*bit\_time is the ideal time of the nth clock.

Time(n) is the time of the nth clock modified when creating input

waveforms for the Tx.

Note that all equations using jitter parameters that can be defined as

UI shall be assumed to seconds in these formulae.

The following text is added immediately before Table 1 on page 148: Jitter, Noise

and Clock Parameters

The following optional Reserved Parameters are used to specify impairments for the

transmitter output. These budgets specify the impairment as measured at the TX

output (i.e. the transmitter output is expected to be directly modulated by these

amounts). This data is used by the simulator to either modify the input stimulus

presented to the algorithmic model or when post-processing the results from the

model; the budget values specified by these parameters are not passed directly to

the model itself.

"Tx\_Rj" is an AMI parameter of Type either Float or UI, Format either Value, List,

Range, Corner, Increment, or Steps, and Usage Info which defines the standard

deviation, in seconds or UI, of an white Gaussian phase noise process at the

transmitter which is to be added to the behavior implemented by the EDA tool by

modifying the stimulus input or by post processing the simulation results.

Example:

 (Tx\_Rj (Usage Info)(Corner 0.005 0.006 0.004)(Type UI)

 (Description "Tx Random Jitter in UI.")

)

"Tx\_Sj

Time(n)=n\*bit\_time+Tx\_Rj\*gaussian\_rand()

gaussian\_rand() is a function that returns floating point numbers

between –inf and +inf. The distribution of these numbers shall be an

white Gaussian distribution centered at 0.0 with a standard deviation

of 1.0. The EDA tool can protect against abs(Tx\_Rj\*gaussian\_rand())>0.5UI.

"Tx\_Dj" is an AMI parameter of Type either Float or UI, Format either Value, List,

Range, Corner, Increment, or Steps, and Usage Info which defines the worst case half the peak

to peak variation, in seconds or UI, at the transmitter implemented by the EDA tool

by modifying the stimulus input or by post processing the simulation results. Tx\_Dj

shall include all deterministic and uncorrelated bounded jitter that is not

accounted for by Tx\_DCD, and Tx\_Sj.

Example:

 (Tx\_Dj (Usage Info)(Value 0.1)(Type UI)

 (Description "Tx Bounded Jitter in UI.")

)

Time(n)= n\*bit\_time+2.0\*Tx\_Dj\*rand()

rand() is a function that returns floating point numbers between –0.5 and

+0.5 with white uniform distribution.

"Tx\_Sj" is an AMI parameter of Type either Float or UI, Format either Value, List,

Range, Corner, Increment, or Steps, and Usage Info which defines half the peak to

peak amplitude, in seconds or UI, of a sinusoidal jitter which is to be added to the

behavior implemented directly by the transmitter model.

Example:

 (Tx\_Sj (Usage Info)(Corner 0.05 0.07 0.4)(Type UI)

 (Description "Tx Sinusoidal Jitter in UI.")

)

Note: If Tx\_Sj\_Frequency is not assigned (either in the model or by the user), Tx\_Sj

should be ignored.

"Tx\_Sj\_Frequency" is an AMI parameter of Type Float, Format Value, and Usage Info

which defines the frequency, in Hertz, of the sinusoidal jitter at the transmitter.

Example:

 (Tx\_Sj\_Frequency (Usage Info)(Corner 6.5E7 6.5E7 6.5E7)(Type Float)

 (Description "Tx Sinusoidal Jitter Frequency in Hz.")

)

Time(n)=n\*bit\_time+Tx\_Sj\*sin((n\*bit\_time\*2.0\*Pi)\*Tx\_Sj\_Frequency)

The following optional Reserved Parameters are used to specify characteristics of

the receiver’s recovered clock. This data is used by the simulator when post-

processing the results from the model when the model does not return clock\_times, or

when Rx AMI\_GetWave is not used; the budget values specified by these parameters are

not passed directly to the model itself. For Rx models that do return clock\_times by

AMI\_GetWave, these parameters represent the amount of jitter THAT HAD ALREADY BEEN

IMPLEMENTED BY RX AMI\_GETWAVE AND ALREADY INCLUDED IN THE RETURNED clock\_times. For

this reason, the EDA platform should NOT apply these jitter parameters again to the

Rx clock\_times. These parameters are provided by the model creator to the EDA

platform and end users for the sole purpose that these jitters can be properly

accounted for when Rx AMI\_GetWave is NOT used or Rx clock\_times was not returned, in

which cases the EDA platform is responsible to apply these jitters to the Rx

output."

"Rx\_Clock\_Recovery\_Mean" is an AMI parameter of Type either Float or UI, Format

either Value, List, Range, Corner, Increment, or Steps, and Usage Info which defines

a static offset, in seconds or UI, between the recovered clock and the point half

way between the PDF medians of consecutive eye zero crossings.

Example:

 (Rx\_Clock\_Recovery\_Mean (Usage Info)(Value 0.05)

 (Type UI)(Description "Recovered Clock offset in UI.")

)

actual\_time=ideal\_time+Rx\_Clock\_Recovery\_Mean

ideal\_time half way between the median of the eye crossing 0.0 on both

sides of the eye.

"Rx\_Clock\_Recovery\_Rj" is an AMI parameter of Type either Float or UI, Format either

Value, List, Range, Corner, Increment, or Steps, and Usage Info which defines the

standard deviation, in seconds or UI, of a Gaussian phase noise exhibited by the

recovered clock and included in the clock\_times vector returned by the AMI\_GetWave

function.

Example:

 (Rx\_Clock\_Recovery\_Rj (Usage Info)(Corner 0.005 0.006 0.004)

 (Type UI)(Description "RX Random Clock Jitter in UI.")

)

actual\_time=ideal\_time+Rx\_Clock\_Recovery\_Rj\*gaussian\_rand()

"Rx\_Clock\_Recovery\_Dj" is an AMI parameter of Type either Float or UI, Format either

Value, List, Range, Corner, Increment, or Steps, and Usage Info which defines the

worst case half the peak to peak variation, in seconds or UI, of the recovered clock.

Rx\_Clock\_Recovery\_Dj shall include all deterministic and uncorrelated bounded jitter

that is included in the clock\_times vector returned by the AMI\_GetWave function and

not accounted for by Rx\_Clock\_Recovery\_DCD and Rx\_Clock\_Recovery\_Sj.

Example:

 (Rx\_Clock\_Recovery\_Dj (Usage Info)(Value 0.1)(Type UI)

 (Description "Tx Bounded Jitter in UI.")

)

actual\_time = ideal\_time + 2.0\*Rx\_Clock\_Recovery\_Dj\*rand()

"Rx\_Clock\_Recovery\_Sj" is an AMI parameter of Type either Float or UI, Format either

Value, List, Range, Corner, Increment, or Steps, and Usage Info which defines half

the peak to peak variation, in seconds or UI, of a sinusoidal phase noise exhibited

by the recovered clock and included in the clock\_times vector returned by the

AMI\_GetWave function.

Example:

 (Rx\_Clock\_Recovery\_Sj (Usage Info)(Corner 0.05 0.07 0.4)(Type UI)

 (Description "RX Sinusoidal Jitter in UI."))

actual\_time = ideal\_time + Rx\_Clock\_Recovery\_Sj\*sin(Pi\*rand())

"Rx\_Clock\_Recovery\_DCD" is an AMI parameter of Type either Float or UI, Format

either Value, List, Range, Corner, Increment, or Steps, and Usage Info which defines

half the peak to peak variation, in seconds or UI, of a clock duty cycle distortion

exhibited by the recovered clock and included in the clock\_times vector returned by

the AMI\_GetWave function.

Example:

 (Rx\_Clock\_Recovery\_DCD (Usage Info)(Corner 0.008 0.016 0.005)

 (Type UI)(Description "RX Duty Cycle Distortion in UI.")

)

actual\_time=ideal\_time+Rx\_Clock\_Recovery\_DCD\*(-1.0)^n

The following optional Reserved Parameters are used to modify the statistics

associated with receiver’s recovered clock. These parameters are used to account for

jitter that is not included in either the clock\_times returned by Rx AMI\_GetWave or

the Rx\_Clock\_Recovery parameters. This data is used by the simulator when post-

processing the results from the model; the budget values specified by these

parameters are not passed directly to the model itself.

"Rx\_Rj" is an AMI parameter of Type either Float or UI, Format either Value, List,

Range, Corner, Increment, or Steps, and Usage Info which defines the standard

deviation, in seconds or UI, of a Gaussian phase noise driven by impairments

external to the receiver that are input to the RX CDR, but are not included in the

CDR clock\_times output. This phase noise is to be accounted for by the EDA tool, in

both Statistical and Time-Domain simulations.

Example:

 (Rx\_Rj (Usage Info)(Corner 0.005 0.006 0.004)(Type UI)

 (Description "Rx Random Jitter in UI.")

)

clock\_times(n)= time+Rx\_Rj \*gaussian\_rand()

time = ideal\_time in Statistical, and Time-Domain when clock\_times(n) is not available

 = clock\_times(n) in Time-Domain when clock\_times(n) is returned by Rx AMI\_Getwave

"Rx\_Dj" is an AMI parameter of Type either Float or UI, Format either Value, List,

Range, Corner, Increment, or Steps, and Usage Info which defines the worst case half peak

to peak variation, in seconds or UI, of the recovered clock, not including the

random jitter specified by Rx\_Rj, Rx\_Sj, or Rx\_DCD . Rx\_Dj shall include all

deterministic and uncorrelated bounded jitter that is not accounted for by either Rx

clock\_times, Rx\_Rj, or Rx\_Clock\_Recovery parameters. This phase noise is to be

accounted for by the EDA tool in both Statistical and Time-Domain simulations.

Example:

 (Rx\_Dj (Usage Info)(Value 0.1)(Type UI)

 (Description "Tx Bounded Jitter in UI.")

)

actual\_time = time + 2.\*Rx\_Dj\*rand()

time = ideal\_time in Statistical, and Time-Domain when clock\_times(n) is not available

 = clock\_times(n) in Time-Domain when clock\_times(n) is returned by Rx AMI\_Getwave

"Rx\_Sj" is an AMI parameter of Type either Float or UI, Format either Value, List,

Range, Corner, Increment, or Steps, and Usage Info which defines half the peak to

peak variation, in seconds or UI, of a sinusoidal phase noise, but are not included

in the CDR clock\_times output. This phase noise is to be accounted for by the EDA

tool in both Statistical and Time-Domain simulations.

 (Rx\_Sj (Usage Info)(Corner 0.05 0.07 0.04)(Type UI)

 (Description "RX Sinusoidal Jitter in UI.")

 )

actual\_time = time+ Rx\_Sj\*sin(Pi\*rand())

time = ideal\_time in Statistical, and Time-Domain when clock\_times(n) is not available

 = clock\_times(n) in Time-Domain when clock\_times(n) is returned by Rx AMI\_Getwave

"Rx\_DCD" is an AMI parameter of Type either Float or UI, Format either Value, List,

Range, Corner, Increment, or Steps, and Usage Info which defines half the peak to

peak variation, in seconds or UI, of a clock duty cycle distortion. This phase noise

is to be accounted for by the EDA tool in both Statistical and Time-Domain

simulations.

Example:

 (Rx\_DCD (Usage Info)(Corner 0.008 0.016 0.005)(Type UI)

 (Description "RX Duty Cycle Distortion in UI.")

)

actual\_time = time + Rx\_DCD\*(-1.0)^n

 n is the nth clock

time = ideal\_time in Statistical, and Time-Domain when clock\_times(n) is not available

 = clock\_times(n) in Time-Domain when clock\_times(n) is returned by Rx AMI\_Getwave

The following optional Reserved Parameter is used to modify the statistics

associated with the data input to the receiver’s sampling latch (a.k.a. `slicer’).

This data is used by the simulator when post-processing the results from the model;

the budget values specified by this parameter are not passed directly to the model

itself.

"Rx\_Noise" is an AMI parameter of Type Float, Format either Value, List, Range,

Corner, Increment, or Steps, and Usage either Info or Out which defines the standard

deviation, in Volts, of a white Gaussian random process, which is to be added by the

EDA tool to the signal measured at the sampling latch of a receiver.

Example:

 (Rx\_Noise (Usage Info)(Value .010) (Type Float)

 (Description "Rx amplitude noise at sampling latch in Volts.")

)

wave(t)=wave(t)+Rx\_Noise\*gaussian\_rand()

wave(t) is the waveform returned by Rx AMI\_GetWave

If Rx\_Noise is Usage Out, then the EDA tool shall use the value returned by Rx

AMI\_Init if Rx AMI\_GetWave is not used. If Rx AMI\_GetWave is used, then the EDA tool

may apply the value returned by each AMI\_GetWave call to the waveform returned by

that call to AMI\_GetWave, or use the average value of Rx\_Noise returned by all calls

to AMI\_GetWave (after Ignore\_Bits), or the value of Rx\_Noise returned by the last

call to AMI\_GetWave.

Note:

The "Rx\_Clock\_Recovery Parameters" (Rx\_Clock\_PDF, Rx\_Clock\_Recovery\_Mean,

Rx\_Clock\_Recovery\_Rj, Rx\_Clock\_Recovery\_Dj, Rx\_Clock\_Recovery\_Sj and

Rx\_Clock\_Recovery\_DCD, should be used by the simulator when analyzing the output of

Rx AMI\_Init (for statistical analysis) or Rx AMI\_GetWave (time domain) when Rx

AMI\_GetWave does not return clock\_times. When Rx AMI\_GetWave returns clock\_times,

the simulator should not use the "Rx\_Clock\_Recovery Parameters".

Note:

The "Rx Jitter Parameters" (Rx\_Rj, Rx\_Dj, Rx\_Sj and Rx\_DCD, should be used by the

simulator when analyzing the output of either Rx AMI\_Init (for statistical analysis)

or Rx AMI\_GetWave (for time domain analysis).

Tables summarizing the rules for the jitter, noise and sensitivity parameters for

information only.

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 +------------------------+-------------------+

 | General Rules | Allowed Usage |

 ============================================================================

 | Reserved Parameter | Required Default | Info In Out InOut |

 +-----------------------------+------------------------+-------------------+

 | Tx\_Jitter | No No Jitter | X |

 | Tx\_Dj | No 0 | X |

 | Tx\_Rj | No 0 | X |

 | Tx\_Sj | No 0 | X |

 | Tx\_DCD | No 0 | X |

 | Tx\_Sj\_Frequency | No Undefined | X |

 | Rx\_Receiver\_Sensitivity | No 0 | X X |

 | Rx\_Clock\_PDF | No Clock Centered | X |

 | Rx\_Clock\_Recovery\_Mean | No 0 | X |

 | Rx\_Clock\_Recovery\_Dj | No 0 | X |

 | Rx\_Clock\_Recovery\_Rj | No 0 | X |

 | Rx\_Clock\_Recovery\_Sj | No 0 | X |

 | Rx\_Clock\_Recovery\_DCD | No 0 | X |

 | Rx\_Dj | No 0 | X |

 | Rx\_Rj | No 0 | X |

 | Rx\_Sj | No 0 | X |

 | Rx\_DCD | No 0 | X |

 | Rx\_Noise | No 0 | X X |

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 Table 1: General Rules and Allowed Usage for Reserved Parameters

 +-------------------------------------------+

 | Data Type |

 ===========================================================================

 | Reserved Parameter | Float | UI | Integer | String | Boolean |

 +-----------------------------+-------+------+---------+--------+---------+

 | Tx\_Jitter | X X |

 | Tx\_Dj | X X |

 | Tx\_Rj | X X |

 | Tx\_Sj | X X |

 | Tx\_DCD | X X |

 | Tx\_Sj\_Frequency | X |

 | Rx\_Receiver\_Sensitivity | X |

 | Rx\_Clock\_PDF | X X |

 | Rx\_Recovery\_Mean | X X |

 | Rx\_Clock\_Recovery\_Dj | X X |

 | Rx\_Clock\_Recovery\_Rj | X X |

 | Rx\_Clock\_Recovery\_Sj | X X |

 | Rx\_Clock\_Recovery\_DCD | X X |

 | Rx\_Dj | X X |

 | Rx\_Rj | X X |

 | Rx\_Sj | X X |

 | Rx\_DCD | X X |

 | Rx\_Noise | X |

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 Table 2: Allowed Data Types for Reserved Parameters

 +---------------------------------------+

 | Data Format |

 =======================================================================

 | Reserved Parameter | V | R | C | L | I | S | G | D | D | T |

 | | a | a | o | i | n | t | a | u | j | a |

 | | l | n | r | s | c | e | u | a | R | b |

 | | u | g | n | t | r | p | s | l | j | l |

\*| | e | e | e | | e | s | s | - | | e |

\*| | | | r | | m | | i | D | | |

\*| | | | | | e | | a | i | | |

\*| | | | | | n | | n | r | | |

\*| | | | | | t | | | a | | |

\*| | | | | | | | | c | | |

 +-----------------------------+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+

 | Tx\_Jitter | X X X X |

 | Tx\_Dj | X X X X X X |

 | Tx\_Rj | X X X X X X |

 | Tx\_Sj | X X X X X X |

 | Tx\_DCD | X X X X X X |

 | Tx\_Sj\_Frequency | X X X X X X |

 | Rx\_Receiver\_Sensitivity | X X X X X X |

 | Rx\_Clock\_PDF | X X X X |

 | Rx\_Recovery\_Mean | X X X X X X |

 | Rx\_Clock\_Recovery\_Dj | X X X X X X |

 | Rx\_Clock\_Recovery\_Rj | X X X X X X |

 | Rx\_Clock\_Recovery\_Sj | X X X X X X |

 | Rx\_Clock\_Recovery\_DCD | X X X X X X |

 | Rx\_Dj | X X X X X X |

 | Rx\_Rj | X X X X X X |

 | Rx\_Sj | X X X X X X |

 | Rx\_DCD | X X X X X X |

 | Rx\_Noise | X X X X X X |

 +-----------------------------+---------------------------------------+

 Table 3: Allowed Data Format for Reserved Parameters

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With the exception of the "Table" format, the Tx\_Jitter parameter has been

essentially superseded by the Reserved\_Parameters Tx\_Rj, Tx\_Dj, Tx\_Sj,

Tx\_Sj\_Frequency, and Tx\_DCD, which enable SerDes transmitter jitter to be specified

in greater detail. It is recommended for AMI model developers to use these preferred

jitter parameters when possible instead of Tx\_Jitter.

With the exception of the "Table" format, the Rx\_Clock\_PDF parameter has been

essentially superseded by the Reserved\_Parameters Rx\_Clock\_Recovery\_Rj,

Rx\_Clock\_Recovery\_Dj, Rx\_Clock\_Recovery\_Sj, and Rx\_Clock\_Recovery\_DCD, which enable

SerDes receiver jitter to be specified in greater detail. It is recommended for AMI

model developers to use these preferred jitter parameters when possible instead of

Rx\_Clock\_PDF.

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ANALYSIS PATH/DATA THAT LED TO SPECIFICATION

The parameters defined in this BIRD came from commercial IBIS-AMI model development

efforts where new functionality was needed to meet customer expectations for model

functionality, accuracy and performance. The parameters in this BIRD were defined

by SiSoft and its semiconductor partners. These parameters are being contributed to

IBIS to ensure IBIS-AMI model accuracy and portability.

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ANY OTHER BACKGROUND INFORMATION:

This BIRD is being requested by the following IBIS users and model developers, in

conjunction with the authors:

Cisco Systems: Upen Reddy, Doug White

Ericsson: Anders Ekholm

Broadcom: Yunong Gan

IBM: Adge Hawes

TI: Alfred Chong, Srikanth Sundaram

Markup copies of this document, in Adobe PDF\* and Microsoft Word\* format, are

available at:

http://www.eda.org/ibis/birds/bird123.3/bird123.3\_markup.pdf

http://www.eda.org/ibis/birds/bird123.3/bird123.3\_markup.docx

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