### Introduction

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Subject: Submission for IBIS teleconference on 18-04-97 re BIRD 41.1

This document has been very quickly put together on a Thursday evening in France, hoping that people in the States will have time to read and comment on it before Friday's meeting :-)

I want to justify the need for a Rload in Bird 41.1. The measurement setup for series impedance is:



Vin and Iin are the values given in [Series Impedance]

Any data sheet for bus-switches will show two figures:

1. Vin vs Vout, measure for different values of Rload

2. Rs (series resistance) vs Vin

To measure this, need to set Rload>10 x Rs(Vin=1V) Rs=Vdut/lin, and Vdut=Vin-lin\*Rload.

About 2 months ago, I tried to model a bus-switch using PSPICE, assuming that the only information I had was these two curves. Since then I've not had time to return to the simulations. But in case I was doing anything right, I'm sending the schema, model, and results below.

Sorry no comments, or explanations.....

I hope this gives some ideas to someone. I really would like to know what's the minimum information that needs to be put into IBIS to build a good behavioral model.

'Til Friday, John

## Schematic



## **CBT model**

```
.subckt CBT2 in out vcc gnd
Es in out2 value={ v(y,gnd) - min(v(vcc)-v(in),v(vcc)-v(out)) }
```

#### Table Ey is a measure of Vin vs. Vout, measured for an infinite load.

```
Ry y gnd 10MEG
Ey y gnd TABLE \{\min((v(vcc)-v(in)), (v(vcc)-v(out)))\} =
+ 0
         1.2
+ 0.1
         1.2
         1.1
+ 0.9
+ 1
          1
+ 2
          2
+ 3
          3
+ 4
          4
+ 5
          5
```

Gs out2 out value={v(out2,out)/v(z,gnd)}

# Table Ez is a measure of series resistance vs. (Vin-Vcc), measured for a large load (e.g) 1kohm.

```
Rz z gnd 10MEG
Ez z gnd TABLE {min((v(vcc)-v(out2)),(v(vcc)-v(out)))} =
+ 0
         30
+ 1.0
         30
+ 1.5
         16
+ 2.5
         8
+ 3.5
         6
         5
+ 4.5
+ 5
         4
+ б
          4
.ends
```

## **Simulation Results**

