

Hybrid European IBIS Summit at SPI 2025 Gaeta, Italy May 14, 2025



IBIS modelling approach for design having high $R_{\rm on}$ variation with process

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Challenge

- Non-conventional I/O design using high voltage devices in low voltage applications leads to significant R_{on} variation across PVT
- It affects the accuracy of the IBIS V-T data in capturing the true switching behavior of the design
- Selecting a single R_{fixture} to accurately capture the switching behavior is challenging





Conventional buffer V-T data extraction

- V-T data captures the non-linearity of device (based on buffer type 2/4 V-T table is required)
- A typical load condition is applied that the buffer will encounter in actual use
- Transient simulation is performed to capture the complete dynamic behavior of the buffer
- A single model developed using typical R_{fixture} is sufficient for all PVT (typ, min, max)



Pull-up reference V/T measurement setup



Pull-down reference V/T measurement setup



Implemented V-T extraction approach

- Non-conventional I/O designs exhibit significant R_{on} variation with process (best, worst, typ)
- Capturing accurate transient characteristics using typical R_{fixture} is not feasible
- Three separate models are required, each based on different ${\rm R}_{\rm on}$
 - It enhances the captured swing
 - Captures accurately the non-linear waveform shapes with Ron variation



Implemented Pull-up reference V/T measurement setup



Implemented Pull-down reference V/T measurement setup



Modification in IBIS table

[Rising Waveform]						
R_fixture	= 200.0		vy data			
V_fixture	= 1.98V	All IIIa	ix uala			
V_fixture_min = 1.98V						
V_fixture_men1.98V						
0s 🗧	389.15818mV	389.15818mV	389.15818mV			
48.0ps	389.15820mV	389.15820mV	389.15820mV			
100.0ps	389.15819mV	389.15819mV	389.15819mV			
148.0ps	389.15819mV	389.15819mV	389.15819mV			
196.0ps	389.15818mV	389.15818mV	389.15818mV			
248.0ps	389.15820mV	389.15820mV	389.15820mV			
296.0ps	389.15824mV	389.15824mV	389.15824mV			
348.0ps	389.16291mV	389.16291mV	389.16291mV			
396.0ps	389.16303mV	389.16303mV	389.16303mV			
444.0ps	389.14998mV	389.14998mV	389.14998mV			
496.0ps_	389.11195mV	389.11195mV	389.11195mV			
544.0ps	389.08820mV	389.08820mV	389.08820mV			
592.0ps	389.10966mV	389.10966mV	389.10966mV			
644.0ps	389.13647mV	389.13647mV	389.13647mV			

Rising Waveform]					
_fixture	= 400.0				
_fixture	= 1.8V	All t	vp data		
_fixture_min = 1.8V					
fixture_max = 1.8V					
0s 🛛	332.75576mV	332.75576mV	332.75576mV		
92.0ps	332.75577mV	332.75577mV	332.75577mV 🗧		
184.0ps	332.75577mV	332.75577mV	332.75577mV		
280.0ps	332.75573mV	332.75573mV	332.75573mV		
372.0ps	332.75579mV	332.75579mV	332.75579mV		
464.0ps	332.76044mV	332.76044mV	332.76044mV		
556.0ps	332.76071mV	332.76071mV	332.76071mV		
648.0ps	332.74332mV	332.74332mV	332.74332mV 🔳		
744.0ps	332.70460mV	332.70460mV	332.70460mV		
836.0ps	332.70018mV	332.70018mV	332.70018mV		
928.0ps	332.71706mV	332.71706mV	332.71706mV		
1.02ns	332.77458mV	332.77458mV	332.77458mV		
1.116ns	332.87317mV	332.87317mV	332.87317mV		
1.208ns	332.94713mV	332.94713mV	332.94713mV		
1.3ns	333_91333mV	222.01332mV	33_01333mV		

[Rising Wa	veform]			
R_fixture	= 700.0			
V_fixture	= 1.62V	All m	in data 📃	
V_fixture_min = 1.62V				
V_fixture_	<u>max = 1.6</u> 2V			
0s	342.83640mV	342.83640mV	342.83640mV	
164.0ps	342.83643mV	342.83643mV	342.83643mV	
328.0ps	342.83639mV	342.83639mV	342.83639mV	
492.0ps	342.83649mV	342.83649mV	342.83649mV	
656.0ps	342.83885mV	342.83885mV	342.83885mV	
820.0ps	342.84069mV	342.84069mV	342.84069mV	
984.0ps	342.84002mV	342.84002mV	342.84002mV	
1.148ns	342.83134mV	342.83134mV	342.83134mV	
1.312ns	342.81394mV	342.81394mV	342.81394mV	
1.476ns	342.79253mV	342.79253mV	342.79253mV	
1.64ns	342.80076mV	342.80076mV	342.80076mV	
1.804ns	342.81565mV	342.81565mV	342.81565mV	
1.968ns	<u>342 8</u> 5708mV	342.85708mV	342.85708mV	

Best process V-T table (R_{fixture}=200Ω) Typ process V-T table (R_{fixture}=400Ω) Worst process V-T table $(R_{fixture} = 700\Omega)$

- To prevent confusion during model usage, the V-I, V-T table are modified in accordance with the process
- Column containing typ, min, max data is adjusted based on the process for which the model is developed
- Each column contains data extracted for Ron specific to a particular process



IBIS vs SPICE matching results



Conventional approach model matching $(R_{fixture} = 200\Omega)$



Implemented approach typ process model matching



 $(R_{fixture} = 400\Omega)$



Implemented approach best process model matching $(R_{fixture} = 200\Omega)$



Implemented approach worst process model matching $(R_{fixture} = 700\Omega)$

Three takeaways

1

Non-conventional IO design is becoming the new normal.

• HV devices in LV application

IBIS modeling of such non-conventional designs requires a nonstandard approach

2

Ron dependent V-T data extraction to capture accurate non-linearity of design across PVT 3

Implemented approach improves IBIS vs SPICE correlation but increases modeling time

- Verify Ron variation before V-T data extraction
- Manual modification of IBIS V-I, V-T table



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